ANESTHESIA GOES SUSTAINABILITY

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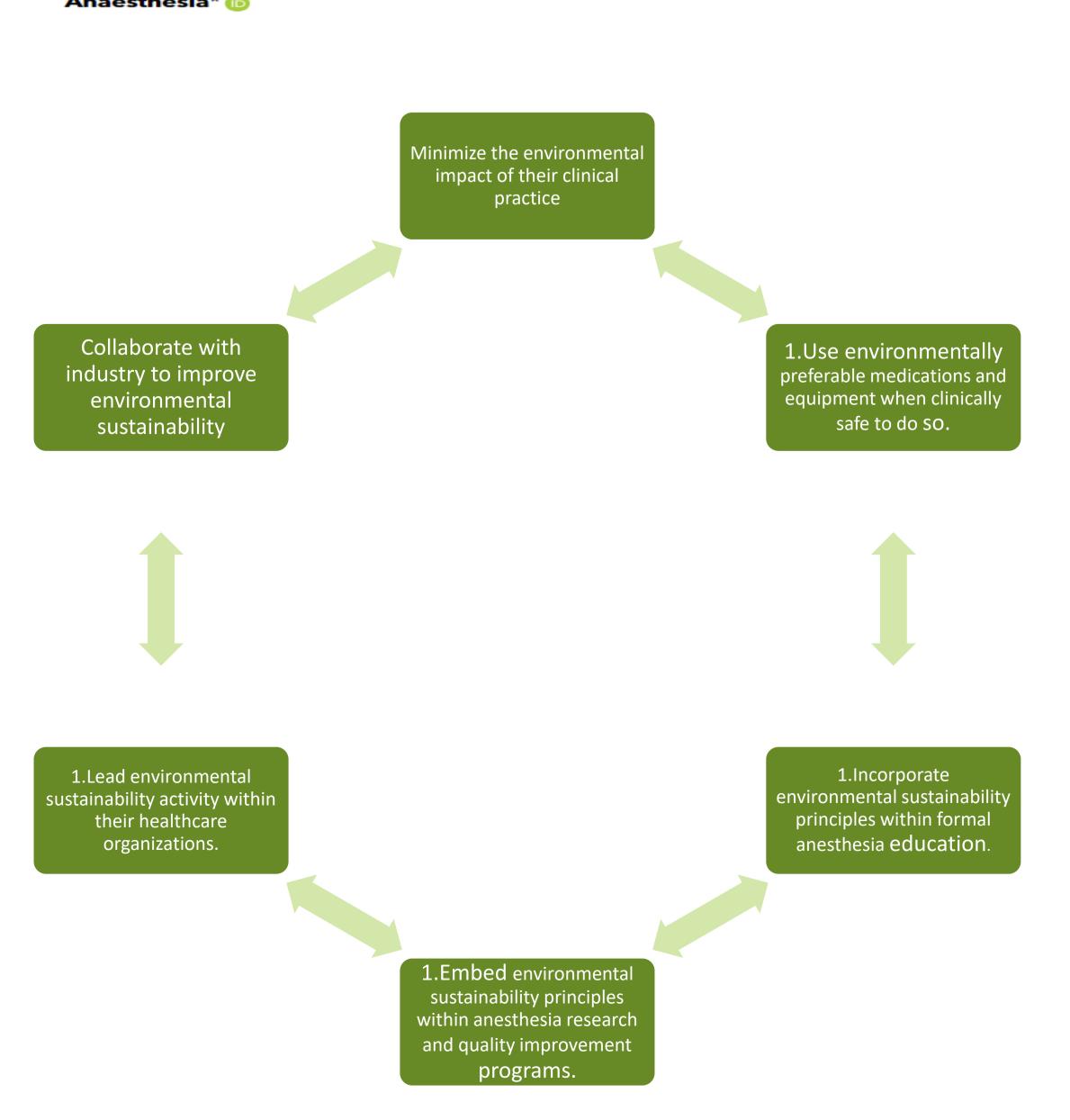


Basic statements	Health care system	Anesthesia providers
 Climate change is the single biggest health threat facing humanity. The climate crisis threatens to undo the last fifty years of progress in development, global health, and poverty reduction. 	Climate change impacts the health care system both directly and indirectly Awareness: Health professionals worldwide are responding Paradigm shift: A shift from individual to public health is mandatory	 Need to reduce the contribution of their practice Global agreement on fundamental principles of change exists Patient safety should not be compromised

Guidelines

Principles of environmentally-sustainable anaesthesia: a global consensus statement from the World Federation of Societies of Anaesthesiologists

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		7h anaesthesia at 1 MAC	athmos- pheric life	0.5 l/min FGF	2 I/min FGF	
Key aspects	1	Sevoflurane 2%	1.1	753 km	3132 km	
		Desflurane 6%	14	3924 km	15698 km	
		Nitrous Oxide 66%	114	279 km	1116 km	
Choice of anaesthetics	• volatile vs. iv anaesthetics					
FGF	technical regulations"legislative" regulations					
management						
Anaesthesia	 single use vs. reusable equipment configuration of ready to use sets 					
equipment						
choices						
iv	 handling of emergency drugs 					
pharmaceuticals	rialianing of criticing arags					
Masta stroom/	• 5r: reduce, reuse, recycle, rethink, research					
Waste stream/ recycling						
Green meetings/	• onsite vs hybrid					
events						

